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(4.5)

$z^2 - 8z + 19 = 0$:	C	[1	0.5
$z_3 = 2 + i\sqrt{3}$	$z_2 = 4 + i\sqrt{3}$	$z_1 = 4 - i\sqrt{3}$	$z_0 = 3$: [2
$\theta \equiv \arg\left(\frac{z_1}{z_2}\right) [2\pi]$				$z_4 = 1$
$\tan(\theta)$				-
$\frac{z_3 - z_1}{z_4 - z_1} \times \frac{z_4 - z_2}{z_3 - z_2} = 2$: -
:				-
Z^{2008}				$\frac{\bar{Z}}{Z}$
				$Z = \frac{z_2 - z_0}{z_1 - z_0}$
				: [3
$I(z_4)$	$C(z_3)$	$\Omega(z_0)$	$B(z_2)$	$A(z_1)$
B	A	Ω	r	-
.	.	I	C	B
		A		-

(2.5)

$y' = 2y - 1$:	(E)	-	[1	0.5
$h'(0) = -2$		(E)	h	-	0.5
$y'' + y' + y = 0$:	(F)	-	[2	1
$s(x) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}x}$		x	s	-	0.5
IR					
				(F)	

(3)

	:				
		$I = \int_1^e x^2 \ln(x) dx$	[1	1	
		$J = \int_{-3}^{-2} \frac{1}{x^2 + x} dx$	[2	1	
$\left(\forall x \in IR - \{-1; 0\} \right)$	$\frac{1}{x^2 + x} = \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{x+1}$	b	a)	
	($K = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2x} \cos(x) dx$	[3	1	

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(10)

I				
$g(x) = 2x + 2 + 2\ln(-x)$:	$] -\infty; 0[$	g	
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} g(x)$		$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)$	$g(-1)$	[1] 0.75
		$\cdot g$		[2] 0.5
		$\forall x < 0 \quad g(x) \leq 0$:	[3] 0.25
II				
	:	x	f	
$f(x) = x^2 + 2x\ln(-x)$		$x < 0$		
$f(x) = 4x\sqrt{x} - 3x^2$		$x \geq 0$		
			$\cdot D_f$	[1] 0.25
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$		$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$	$f(1) \quad f(-1)$	[2] 0.75
		$\cdot 0$	f	[3] 0.5
		0	f	[4] 1
		$\begin{cases} f'(x) = g(x) & x < 0 \\ f'(x) = 6\sqrt{x}(1-\sqrt{x}) & x > 0 \end{cases}$:	[5] 0.75
			$\cdot f$	[6] 0.75
$-\infty \quad +\infty$		$(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$	$f \quad (\zeta_f)$	[7] 0.5
			$\cdot (\zeta_f)$	[8] 1
			$\cdot (\zeta_f)$	[9] 1
III				
	:	$(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$		
$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$		$u_{(n+1)} = 4u_n\sqrt{u_n} - 3u_n^2$	$u_0 = \frac{4}{9}$	
		$\cdot f$		
		$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad \frac{4}{9} \leq u_n \leq 1$:	[1] 0.5
			(u_n)	[2] 1
			$\cdot \lim u_n$	[3] 0.5